THE

NEWPORT MERCURY.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1798. [N° 1867.]

NEWPORT: (*Rhode-Island*) Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscribers have been duly appointed Administrators to the Estate of BENJAMIN ELLERY, late of Newport, Esquire, deceased, and have taken upon themselves that Trust, by giving Bonds, as the Law directs: And all Persons having Demands upon the Estate of the said Benjamin Ellery, are required to exhibit the same; and all Persons indebted to the said Estate, are called upon to make Payment to

ABRAHAM R. ELLERY.
CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN.

Newport, Jan 9 1798.

TO BE LET,

And entered upon the 25th of March,

A LARGE, convenient, and elegant DWELLING-HOUSE, in compleat Repair, situate in Thame street, lately occupied by BENJAMIN ELLERY, Esq, deceased, and now belonging to the Heirs of the late *Mehetable Ellery*; together with the West Garden, Wharf, Coach House, Stables, Stores, and all other Out-Houses thereunto appertaining.—For Terms, apply to *Abraham R. Ellery*.

ABRAHAM R. ELLERY.
CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN.

Newport, January 12, 1798.

TO BE SOLD,

A Convenient Dwelling-House, situate in Spring street, now occupied by Mr. Benjamin Spencer, and belonging to the Heirs of the late Mehetable Ellery, together with all the Out-Houses, Land, and Privileges, thereunto appertaining. An indisputible Title to the Premises, will be given to the Purchaser thereof, by the said Heirs.—For Terms apply to *Abraham R. Ellery*.

ABRAHAM R. ELLERY
CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN.

Newport Jan 12, 1798

To be LET,

FIFTY Acres of Land, in North-Kingstown, with a Fulling Mill, on a good stream of Water; a Clothier's Shop, and Tools; also a Dwelling House and Barn, and an Orchard thereon standing that will make about 15 Barrels of Cyder.—For further Particulars inquire of

JOSEPH TAYLOR.

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THE Subscriber informs those who have any Demands on him, that he shall be in Town the latter End of this Week, and requests them to apply to him, at his Brother Burt Tripp's, in Marlborough street, and receive their Dues;—Those indebted to him he particularly desires would also call, as above, and make Payment.

WILLIAM TRIPP.

Newport, Jan. 15. 1798.

STRAYED into the Enclosure of the Subscriber, in Middletown, some Time since, a Yearling HEIFER.—Whoever owns the same, by applying to the Subscriber, paying Charges, &c. may have her again.

WILLIAM BAILEY.

Jan. 15, 1798.

THE Subscribers being appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims against the Estate of JOHN WANTON, late of this Town, Mariner, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby notify all Persons having Claims or Demands against said Estate, to exhibit the same to either of them within Six Months, that being the Time allowed for receiving said Claims, and reporting thereon.

JOSEPH GARDNER,
ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, January 1, 1798.

Those Persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make Payment to

LATHAM THURSTON, *Administrator.*

TO BE SOLD,

A FARM, lying partly in South-Kingston and partly in North Kingston, containing about One Hundred and Sixty Acres well fenced, well wooded, and well watered; will be sold, either in separate Lots or together, as may best suit Purchasers.—Possession will be given on the 25th of March next.—For Particulars inquire of

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A Valuable FARM, in Charlestown, in this State, late belonging to the Heirs of the late Joshua Babcock, Esq; very pleasantly situated on the Post Road leading from Tower Hill to New London, having the Western Sound open to full View, and being within six Miles of Paucatuck Bridge, with a Dwelling House and Crib thereon, is bounded on a fine Pond, in which a Variety of Fish may be caught, at all Seasons of the Year, and is entirely free from the Distemper among the Cattle, with which many of the adjacent Farms are infected.

Any Person inclining to purchase, may know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber,

JOHN BOURS.

Newport, Jan. 16, 1798.

Philip Robinson

Informs his Customers and others, that he has just received an additional Assortment of seasonable GOODS, which he offers for Sale on the most reasonable Terms.

Among which are,

SUPERFINE and common Broadcloths,
Superfine and common Kerseymeres,
Flannels; Baizes; Serges; Coatings,
Furniture Chintzes, very rich,
Irish Linens of all Prices per Piece,
Superfine Silk, and Hair Bines, very handsome Colours,
A handsome Variety best Lutestrings,
Satins black and coloured; Modes; Sarsnets,
Fashionable Hats, Yeoman and plain Crowns,
Boys coloured Ditto,
Patent and common Hose,
A Variety very rich Tea Trays, all Sizes,
Yard wide Carpeting,
A few Casks Gun Powder.

Besides a Variety of other Articles not enumerated:—All which will be sold low for ready Money.

Newport, 26th of 12th Month, 1797.

Stephen Pierce

HAS FOR SALE,

BUNTING and ready made COLOURS. Also, an Assortment of neat GUN LOCKS and BRASS FURNITURE, POWDER and SHOT; a few Bags of ANNISEED, a Quantity of excellent MUSTARD in Bottles, a small Assortment of GLASS WARE of superior Quality, and an Assortment of CROCKERY WARE.

Twenty Barrels of ROZIN.
A Quantity of excellent Spanish SEGARS.
Also, FEATHERS by the Sack, or 50lb.
☞ Likewise—GUNPOWDER, by the Cask.

WAS Lost, on Sunday last, between Capt. William Denn's on the Point, and Mr. William Langley's in Thames street, a Gold WATCH SEAL.—Whoever has found the same, and will deliver it to the Printer, shall be generously rewarded.

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Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in General, that he has just received at his Store, directly opposite General MARTIN's,

A prime and elegant Assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the Season, which he is determined to sell very low.

BY WHOLESALE,

400 Pieces of thick Muslins, of different Qualities and Widths,
50 Pieces Bandannoes,
100 Dimity Table Cloths,
200 Pieces India Calico,
1 Box Men's Yeoman Crown Hats.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his former Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

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Mr. BARBER,

SEVERAL attempts has been made by the Legislature of this State, to lay a Tax on Dogs, which have proved abortive; and I am told, that there is one in contemplation now; but by what information I can obtain of the proposition, I fear it will not answer any good purpose; but like the former, sink into nothing;—A tax on dogs should be contrived more for reducing their number, and the regulating the order of their government, than for a fund, and go as near as possible to execute itself; all these purposes may in a considerable degree be obtained, provided the tax be for the particular benefit of the Town where the dogs are kept, this will induce the Towns to see the law executed; besides, a much larger sum may this way be raised, than by the one now proposed, there being so great number of dogs in the State: I am told that in one Town there are about 1500, if so, I suppose the State may number 20,000, which will be but a Cent a dog, upon a 200 dollar tax; this sum will give but small relief to those who pay taxes on other property: A dollar for every dog, for the use of the Town where such dog is kept, would raise 3000 dollars, allowing their number to be reduced three in four; and by putting them under certain restrictions, we should find that none but a valuable breed would be kept, as none would be willing to be restricted, and pay such a tax for a poor dog; whereas there are at present within the State many people, who, although unable to furnish their families with necessaries, do keep several dogs, sufficiently large to worry sheep out of breath, with only the avowed reason of hunting Sconcks.—Those sconck-hunters are traversing the cornfields, orchards, and pastures, of the industrious farmer, disturbing his sheep, visiting hen-roosts, and throwing down fences, and all this at the time nature requires that honest people should sleep; and thereby be unable to protect their property from such depredatory attacks.—If this abominable practice could be restrained, the owners of such dogs, might, by giving to a hog what it takes to feed a dog, produce 100lb. of pork for every such dog, a much greater profit than all the sconcks, or any honest profit such dogs can produce.

I therefore send you the outlines, from which, I hope to see, an act of the General Assembly produced; which I desire may have a place, with these reasons, in your impartial paper, in time, that the members of the Legislature may make such reflections thereon, as their wisdom shall dictate.

I am, Sir, with great deference and respect, to the honor of the Legislative Body, a well-wisher to honest industry, Y. N.

A PROPOSITION *for a* TAX *upon* DOGS.

THAT every person in the State who shall, after the next, keep a dog or bitch, above two months old, shall annually pay to the Treasurer of the Town where the same is kept, for the use of said Town, one dollar for every Dog, and two dollars for every Bitch, so kept, and be annually licenced by the Council of said town therefor; and enter into a recognizance before said Council in the sum of 300 dollars, with two sureties, freeholders and inhabitants in said town, each of whose valuations of real estate, in the last preceding tax thereto, shall be at least 600 dollars, to the Treasurer of such town, and his successors in said office, to pay into said office the said tax, at the expiration of one year from the said

That all Bitches shall be kept secure, and confined

That if any person shall keep any Dog or Bitch, in any town in this State, above two months old, after the said next; or after the holding the first Town-Council in such town where such Dog or Bitch is kept, next after the obtainment of such Dog or Bitch, without being licenced as above, the Town-Council of such town shall immediately convene before them the persons offending, ordering him or her to bring with them such dog or bitch (as the case may be) and if it shall appear to said Council, that the same is kept without their licence, the Council shall order it (if present) to be immediately killed, and the person offending to be fined dollars and pay costs, and be committed to close gaol at their own expence, without bail or mainprize, until said sentence is complied with; unless such person shall take a licence as above, which shall only prevent the killing such Dog or Bitch—but if such person shall refuse or neglect to bring such Dog or Bitch, agreeable to the order of said Council, and doth not take a licence, said Council shall fine such person dollars, and order him or her to procure said dog or bitch to be killed, and commit the offender into close gaol as aforesaid, until said fine and costs are paid, and until such Dog or Bitch is killed, or a licence taken as aforesaid.

That no person shall be permitted to give in evidence the disposal of any Dog or Bitch, unless such person has notified one of the Town-Council of the town where such person dwells, in writing, of such disposal, before the precept for convening such person with the Dog or Bitch is by said Council ordered to be issued.

That all taxes upon Dogs and Bitches shall commence on the aforesaid annually, which shall be a day for granting licences; but the Council may grant them at other times as occasion may require.

That the Treasurers of the respective towns, shall, at the next succeeding holding of the Town-Council in their town after the tax aforesaid shall become due, report to said Council, the names of all those who have at that time paid their taxes, and the sums by him received; and thereupon said Council shall order him to put in suit the recognizances of all delinquents, and the judgments given thereon to be final; and executions to issue immediately, returnable in thirty days.

That all commitments in consequence of this act shall be into close gaol, there to remain, without bail or mainprize, at the expence of the person committed, until the judgment is complied with.

That any person may kill any Dog or Bitch that shall kill any sheep; or that shall be found worrying sheep, or shall be found abroad in the night, between the rising and rising of the sun, without its owner being within ten rods of the same; and the owner thereof shall have no remedy; unless such Dog has strayed after some unconfined Bitch.

That all fines and forfeitures arising in consequence of this act, shall be equally divided between the town where said fine arisen, and the prosecutor.

That the following be the form of the recognizance to be taken.

The undernamed persons, all of in County, and State of Rhode Island, Yeomen, and inhabitants in said town, do hereby, each one for himself, in his proper person, before the Town Council of aforesaid, holden in said town, on the day of A. D. acknowledge himself indebted unto the Treasurer of said town, and to his successors in said office, in the sum of 300 dollars, silver money, to be made and levied upon his goods and Chattels, Lands and Tenements, for the use and need of said town, if default be made in the payment of the tax on the Dog or Bitch placed against his name herein; or on failure of the observance, or fulfilment of any part of the Act of the General Assembly of said State, for taxing Dogs and Bitches.

A. B. C. D. E. F. for the Dog of A. B. One Dollar.
G. H. I K. L. M. for the Bitch of G. H. Two Dollars.

Witness, M. O. *Council-Clerk.*

That the respective Town-Councils, shall furnish the auditors of the accounts of the Treasurer of their town, with a list of all the licences granted by them, with the amount of the taxes, who shall charge said Treasurer therewith in the settlement of his accounts.

That the Secretary send a copy of this act to the President of each of the Town-Councils in this State, within days from who shall notify the inhabitants of said act by setting up notifications in at least three conspicuous places in his town, days before the day of granting licences.

Latest Foreign Intelligence.

PARIS, November 4.

THE day before yesterday a member of the French Legation at Berlin, citizen Dedon, arrived here. It is said that his journey relates merely to his own private affairs; we are, however, of a contrary opinion: we know through other channels that on the 21st of October, the King of Prussia was still living, but with scarcely any hope of recovery. The eyes of all Europe are already fixed on his successor, who is known to be strongly disposed to war; and of this disposition more than one court is ready to take advantage.—There is reason to think that the Court of Petersburgh has a powerful influence over the cabinet of Berlin, and it is besides known that the latter is intimately connected with another great power; it is presumed the new Prussian monarch will, on his accession to the throne, have several interests to combine, more than one difficulty to overcome; and, if his character be as decided as is said, more than one danger to brave.]

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November 6.

In Prussia the error which so long prevailed that it was necessary to weaken the English power by attacking it in India or America, is now exploded. It is in the channel that we shall succeed in destroying the British marine. Pleville, who, to the experience of age and practice, unites courage, talents, and the love of his country, is so well aware of this truth, that he is preparing with activity and without noise, all the means of putting it in practice. Meanwhile he spreads devastation through the commerce of England, by the course which he encourages with all his might. He has adopted the only maritime system which is proper for France, and which intrigue has hitherto been the means of rejecting.

From the Hague we are informed, a monument is to be erected between Egmond and Wick, in honor of the gallant defenders of the Batavian flag on the 11th ult. All the officers and soldiers, who signalized themselves on that occasion are to be presented with medals; and six weeks mourning is to be observed in compliment to the memory of those who fell.

The father of Gen. Angereau died suddenly at Paris on the 18th ult. All the soldiers in Paris, together with a great number of citizens, assisted at his interment, where a funeral oration was pronounced over him by one of the members of the eleventh municipality.

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This intelligence has no further weight with us than as it corresponds with information of nearly a similar import heretofore received from other quarters; but we at the same time admit, that the circumstance leads us to believe that this unpleasant event is thereby rendered the more probable.

HARTFORD, January 11.

The following information is received from Cape Francois under date of the 29th of November, and from such authority as leaves no room to doubt its accuracy:

THIS colony never was in so infamous a state. The negroes, the mulattoes, and every other who has governed since the revolution have paid some respect to their engagements and promises, but now there is nothing but villainy—he is the most in favor who is the greatest rascal. At the head of the existing government you find, nominally, Raimond, who is a poor, miserable wretch, without character, and actually the tool of Pascal—that deep scoundrel, who is so well known in America when with Genet—it is he who governs all for his private interest. He has made upwards of 60 000 dollars in ten months, by selling the American registers, after the vessels have been condemned, at the price of 20 and 30 joes each. He was concerned in the greatest part of the privateers under the name of a cousin of his, (*Grenier*) who ought to have been hung when in America.

For some time Pascal was judge of the prizes, owner of the privateers, and dealer of the registers—one fact will prove his villainy—the brig Harriot, of Baltimore, was taken and brought into port, the superca go offered Pascal 2000 dollars to clear her, which he agreed to, and actually received 1000 dollars. The supercargo being overjoyed at saving his vessel and cargo, even on such terms, mentioned the circumstances too freely, which was instantly told Pascal—The next day Pascal returned him his 1000 dollars, and demanded his receipt which he had given him, which the young man was obliged to do; at the same time Pascal told him he should learn to keep secrets; the next day the brig and cargo were condemned, but it seems the privateer had given something more. This has been the case in almost every instance since the news of the recall the commissaries. Raimond has tried every thing in his power to corrupt General Toussaint, but in vain; He tells the General that the government of France means to send out all the old colonists with new Generals and troops, to put the negroes again in slavery; this is well seconded by Pascal, who works upon all the under chiefs, so that if the colony does not become a scene of massacre it will not be their faults.

Raimond is selling off every thing from the public stores, and pays no debts of whatever nature. If a vessel is so fortunate, as to escape the British cruizers, every thing is instantly put in requisition, so that it becomes a total loss. Finding that the old mode of privateering did not fill their private bags they have established a new one, in which they have inserted Barney's name, in order, no doubt, to deceive the republicans in America, in which they say they will not condemn vessels bound to an English port, (Jamaica) but that the privateers shall bring them in, and receive one dollar per barrel for provisions; and they afterwards, without ceremony, take the rest, which they call not condemning.—Toussaint is not contented, and acts with precaution—he is a good man by all accounts. Raimond, to prevent information of any nature from arriving has issued one of his *dictatorial* edicts, which compels the Captains and passengers who may arrive, and before they enter into any house, or have any communication with persons, to go directly to him *under guard*, and deliver every paper, such as *private* letters, gazettes and invoices, under the severest penalty, by which means he wishes to keep all in the dark, and also deprives the merchants and others of their letters.—He demands their invoices, in order to see the cost and quality of the goods—and even dry goods do not escape his rapacity, which he takes without the smallest intention of paying for.—He dreads his recal to France; and in order to carry on his infamous conduct, he has engaged almost every military *negro* chief in this country, in partnership with him in the sugar plantations, by which means he expects to secure their interest—but in which he will be disappointed. Since the return of Barney, he finds himself duped for one million: The money carried off by Santhonax would have paid him. In fact, all is villainy, and I hope will be a warning to Americans, from risking their property this way.

It is said another agent has gone out since the return of Barney, in order to engage shipments again; but if they knew the half that passes here, they would not believe one word. Add to this, a few days must bring positive and official news from France, and if they do not fall privately into the hands of Raimond, he must go off, or declare open rebellion, which is well known to be his intention, if he can prevail on Toussaint to defend him, but that he cannot; such a thing has been strongly urged by that jacobin and terrorist Pascal, who has worked much on the minds of the other chiefs, by telling them they will lose their places and become slaves again, and that it is the intention of the French government, as he says is clearly proved by Pastoret, Vaublanc, Villaret, Joyeuse, and others, in the council of five hundred, and that Toussaint ought to prevent any troops landing from France; much has been said about Santhonax and his desire of declaring the colony independent, but the conduct of Raimond and Pascal is more open and daring, nothing is sacred, they demand what they please, and no one dare refuse, or

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HARTFORD, January 11.

The following information is received from Cape Francois under date of the 29th of November, and from such authority as leaves no room to doubt its accuracy:

THIS colony never was in so infamous a state. The negroes, the mulattoes, and every other who has governed since the revolution have paid some respect to their engagements and promises, but now there is nothing but villainy—he is the most in favor who is the greatest rascal. At the head of the existing government you find, nominally, Raimond, who is a poor, miserable wretch, without character, and actually the tool of Pascal—that deep scoundrel, who is so well known in America when with Genet—it is he who governs all for his private interest. He has made upwards of 60 000 dollars in ten months, by selling the American registers, after the vessels have been condemned, at the price of 20 and 30 joes each. He was concerned in the greatest part of the privateers under the name of a cousin of his, (*Grenier*) who ought to have been hung when in America.

For some time Pascal was judge of the prize and owner of the privateers, and seller of the registers—one fact will prove his villainy—the brig Harriot, of Baltimore, was taken and brought into port, the supercargo offered Pascal 4000 dollars to clear her, which he agreed to, and actually received 1000 dollars. The supercargo being overjoyed at saving his vessel and cargo, even on such terms, mentioned the circumstance too freely, which was instantly told Pascal—The next day Pascal returned him his 1000 dollars, and demanded his receipt which he had given him, which the young man was obliged to do; at the same time Pascal told him he should learn to keep secrets; the next day the brig and cargo were condemned, but it seems the privateer had given something more. This has been the case in almost every instance since the news of the recal of the commissaries. Raimond has tried every thing in his power to corrupt General Toussaint, but in vain; He tells the General that the government of France means to send out all the old colonists with new Generals and troops, to put the negroes again in a slavery; this is well seconded by Pascal, who works upon all the under chiefs, so that if the colony does not become a scene of massacre it will not be their faults.

Raimond is selling off every thing from the public stores, and pays no debts of whatever nature. If a vessel is so fortunate, as to escape the British cruisers, every thing is instantly put in requisition, so that it becomes a total loss. Finding that the old mode of privateering did not fill their private bags, they have established a new one, in which they have inserted Barney's name, in order, no doubt, to deceive the republicans in America, in which they say they will not condemn vessels bound to an English port, (Jamaica) but that the privateers shall bring them in, and receive one dollar per barrel for provisions; and they afterwards, without ceremony, take the rest, which they call not condemning.—Toussaint is not contented, and acts with precaution—he is a good man by all accounts. Raimond, to prevent information of any nature from arriving has issued one of his *dictatorial* edicts, which compels the Captains and passengers who may arrive, and before they enter into any house, or have any communication with persons, to go directly to him *under guard*, and deliver every paper, such as *private* letters, gazettes and invoices, under the severest penalty, by which means he wishes to keep all in the dark, and also deprives the merchants and others of their letters.—He demands their invoices, in order to see the cost and quality of the goods—and even dry goods do not escape his rapacity, which he takes without the smallest intention of paying for.—He dreads his recal to France; and in order to carry on his infamous conduct, he has engaged almost every military *negro* chief in this country, in partnership with him in the sugar plantations, by which means he expects to secure their interest—but in which he will be disappointed. Since the return of Barney, he finds himself duped for one million; The money carried off by Santhonax would have paid him. In fact, all is villainy, and I hope will be a warning to Americans, from risking their property this way.

It is said another agent has gone off since the return of Barney, in order to engage shipments again; but if they knew the half that passes here, they would not believe one word. Add to this, a few days must bring positive and official news from France, and if they do not fall privately into the hands of Raimond, he must go off, or declare open rebellion, which is well known to be his intention, if he can prevail on Toussaint to defend him, but that he cannot; such a thing has been strongly urged by that jacobin and terrorist Pascal, who has worked much on the minds of the other chiefs, by telling them they will lose their places and become slaves again, and that it is the intention of the French government, as he says is clearly proved by Pastoret, Vaublanc, Villaret, Joyeuse, and others, in the council of five hundred, and that Toussaint ought to prevent any troops landing from France; much has been said about Santhonax and his desire of declaring the colony independent, but the conduct of Raimond and Pascal is more open and daring, nothing is sacred, they demand what they please, and no one dare refuse, or

be is embarked for France or imprisoned. If a veſſel arrives and the captain refuſes his cargo to them, they ſend a guard on board and take poſſeſſion, until he gives up his cargo.

Raimond in every thing he does or ſays, preaches his morality and juſtice. As to morality, nature in one ſenſe keeps him moral, but otherwiſe he is a tyrant, proud and deceitful. Paſcal is yet worſe, for no villainy on earth can prevent him from accompliſhing his views; he thirſts after the blood of the Americans and their property, in revenge for the juſt treatment he met with in America, when under Genet: we have been informed there have been ſeveral diſputes between him and Barney, and between Raimond and Barney in regard to the raſcally manner of privateering, as being contrary to all the laws of France; this conduct of Barney has made them his enemies, together with the heavy claims he has, which they will not pay. Barney has quit his frigates and believe the ſervice; he does very little, is not ſeldom ſeen in company, nor for ſome time at the houſe of government, but it is ſaid that General Touſſaint and ſeveral of the chiefs have a great friendſhip for him.

This is a ſhort, but a true hiſtory, of this part of the colony. We all look up (except the villains) for arrivals from France, at leaſt with new lawgivers. We have had an embargo for a conſiderable time, in order to prevent information from reaching America of a new duty of 12½ per cent. laid on amount of all goods imported, & for fear Congreſs would lay on an embargo, which will deſtroy this colony: even the brig ſent out by the Preſident of the United States to the different Iſlands, after the unfortunate Americans who lay in French priſons, has been embargoed here for the ſame reaſon, but I fondly hope the villainy is confined to this colony alone.

NEW LONDON, Jan. 13.

A diſtemper of a ſingular nature prevails among the Cattle, in the neighbourhood of Montville.—The nature of the diſeaſe is not at preſent aſcertained, and the cattle infected generally die in the courſe of 24 hours.—Mr. Haughton of that place, has lately loſt three fat cattle, and ſeveral other perſons have ſuffered in like manner.

BOSTON, Jan. 18.

Letters were received on Saturday from Mr. Gerry, at Paris, dated five days after his arrival in that city, by which we are informed, that our Commiſſioners were very politely received by the Miniſter of foreign affairs, and letters of hoſpitality immediately ſent to them. The Miniſter told our Commiſſioners, that he hoped to be able, in a few days, to inform them when it would be convenient to have them preſented to the Directory. The Commiſſioners had begun to arrange their houſehold, &c. and from no account does it appear, that they have experienced any thing like coolneſs, delay, or inattention; nor is there any foundation for the report, that Fauchet and Adet were appointed to confer with them.

A Revolution was on the point of commencing at Liſbon, in September laſt. A Brabanter, named Serge, employed in the fortreſs of Corſica, had been denounced to the police; it was determined to take him up, but he put an end to his exiſtence the moment when he was to be ſeized. In his poſſeſſion were found the plan of a conſpiracy, whoſe object was, to put to death all the Royal family, and to operate a Revolution in Portugal. Perſons of the firſt importance are implicated in the affair.

Capt. Lunt, arrived at Newburyport from Guadaloupe, informs, that the French continue fitting out privateers, and take and condemn all Americans bound to Britiſh ports.

NEWPORT, Jan. 23.

The Hon. GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this State are to meet at Providence on Monday next, according to Adjournment.

On the 16th of October, ſeveral of the People called QUAKERS, confined in York Caſtle (England) at the Suit of the Rev. George Markham, for the Non Payment of Tythes, were diſcharged from a long and rigid Confinement, agreeably to a ſpecial Clauſe in a late Act of Parliament, for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors.

The Hon. JOHN SLOSS HOBART, Eſq; is elected Senator for the State of New York, in the Congreſs of the United States, in the Room of General Schuyler, reſigned.

The new State Houſe, in Boſton, of which the ſeveral Branches of Government have juſt taken Poſſeſſion, is ſaid to be the moſt magnificent Building in the United States.

DIED.]—In London, 9th Nov. the veteran Dutch Admiral REYNTJES, in the 65th Year of his Age.

—At Warwick, in the 77th Year of his Age, THOMAS RICE, Eſq;

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

Diſtrict of Newport, January 22.

ENTERED, *From*

Ship Semiramis, Smith,	*Batavia*
Brig Peyton Randolph, Cozzens,	*Surinam*
Sloop Sea Flower, Valentine,	*New York*
—— Sally, Waldin,	*Providence*
—— Fame, Bliſs	*New York*
Schooner Betſy, Read	*Savannah*

CLEARED, *for*

Ship Hope, Robinſon,	*Charleſton*
Snow Elizabeth, Robinſon,	*Savannah*
Sloop Chance, Langley,	*St. Mary's*
—— Lively, Collins,	*Boſton*
—— Proſperity, Cooley,	*New London*
—— Camden Packet, Simkins,	*Charleſton*
—— Reliance, Phillips,	*Genaware*

State of RHODE-ISLAND, &c.
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *December Seſſion, A. D.* 1797.

RESOLVED, That the Holders of Notes and Securities, iſſued by this State, as deſcribed in an Act, entitled, "An Act for calling in the Notes and Securities iſſued by the State, for Services and Supplies during the late War with Great-Britain, which have not been liquidated and exchanged, and for giving the Holders of them New Securities," be and they hereby are authoriſed and permitted, any Time before the Firſt Day of July, *A. D.* 1798, to carry the ſaid Notes and Securities into the General Treaſury:—That the General Treaſurer be, and he hereby is, empowered and required, to liquidate and adjuſt ſuch Demands, in the Manner preſcribed by ſaid Act;—and that the General Treaſurer give Notice thereof, in the ſeveral News-Papers in this State.

General-Treaſurer's Office.

IN Obedience to the afore-recited Act of the General Aſſembly, I do hereby Invite, and Requeſt, all Perſons, poſſeſſing any of the afore-mentioned Notes and Securities, to bring or ſend them to this Office, (if ſent, to be accompanied with an Order for the New Certificate, that will be iſſued in Lieu of the Old Debt) that they may avail themſelves of the Benefit of the Law, and the State aſcertain the Amount of the Sum ſhe is indebted.

H. SHERBURNE, *Gen. Treaſurer.*
Newport, Jan 20, 1798.

Chriſtopher Fowler & Co.

Have for Sale, at their Store, on Mr. LANGLEY's *Wharf,*

FRENCH Brandy, 1ſt and 4th Proof; and beſt Holland Geneva, per Pipe or Barrel.

15 Puncheons firſt Quality Old Windward Iſland Rum, 31 Proof and excellent Flavour.

Jamaica Spirits, and New England Rum, per Hogſhead.

Madeira, Sherry, and Malaga Wines, per Quarter Caſk.

Gunpowder, Hyſon, and Souchong Teas, per Cheſt or leſſer Quantity.

Jamaica Sugars per Hogſhead or Barrel.

Havannah Ditto per Box,

Pepper and Pimento, per Bag.

Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace and Caſſia, per lb.

Rumney's beſt & No 1 Chocolate, per Box.

Sweet Oil & Anchovies, per Box or Dozen.

Cotton per Bag; Ginger per bbl. Starch.

Beſt Heart and Club German Steel, per Fagot or Bar; Sewing Twine.

White Lead and Spaniſh Brown, per Caſk.

Houſe and Hearth Brooms per Dozen.

An Aſſortment of Glaſs Ware.

A conſtant Supply of Superfine and Common Flour per Barrel and Half Barrel—and a Variety of other Articles, which they will ſell on the moſt moderate Terms.

Newport, Jan. 22, 1798.

The Subſcribers being ap-

pointed by the Town Council, of Tiverton, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims againſt the Eſtate of ABRAHAM BARKER, Eſq; late of ſaid Tiverton, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent; hereby give Notice, that they will attend ſaid Buſineſs at the Dwelling-Houſe of Joſeph Barker, Eſq; in ſaid Town, on the laſt Saturday in this and the Five following Months, from Two to Six o'Clock, *P. M.*

WILLIAM NORTON
WILLIAM HUMPHRY.

Tiverton, January 1, 1798

Thoſe Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to make Payment to

JOSEPH BARKER, } *Adminiſtrators.*
JOSEPH DURFEE. }

THE Subſcribers being appointed by the Town Council of Portſmouth, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims againſt the Eſtate of ROBERT FISH, late of Portſmouth, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent; and Six Months longer being allowed by ſaid Council, for that Purpoſe, we hereby give Notice to all Perſons having any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, to exhibit them, to either of us, within the above Term.

HENRY LAWTON,
BENJAMIN FREEBORN.

And all Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate Payment to

BATHSHEBA FISH *Adminiſtratrix.*
Portſmouth, 8th of 1ſt Month, 1798.

Sales at Auction.

On WEDNESDAY the 24th Inſt. at GARDNER & DEAN's Office, at 10 o'Clock.

ONE Hundred Pieces Sheeting Cottons—30 Ditto Shirting—30 Bandannoes—10 Bolts Duck—1 Bale dipſea Lines—3 Boxes Hyſon Tea—10 Dozen Cotton Stockings—30 Dozen Tapes—50 Pieces Ribbons—3 Pieces Furniture Chintz—10 Pieces 6-4 Muſlins—6 Table Cloths—Muſlin and Pocket Handkerchiefs—Shawls—Decanters, Wine Glaſſes, Tumblers, &c—Broadcloths and Caſſimeres—and a Variety of other Articles.

Conditions at Time of Sale.

January 23, 1798.

For SALE, by

SIMON DAVIS,

BRANDY and Holland Gin per Pipe, Barrel or ſmaller Quantity,
Jamaica Spirits, St. Croix, Antigua and New England Rum per Hogſhead,
Sugar, per Hogſhead or Barrel,
Moloſſes per Hogſhead, Tierce or Barrel,
Very good fine and ſuperfine Flour,
Walch's Chocolate, N° 1 and 2, freſh,
A few Half Barrels of good Rice,
Freſh Raiſins per Caſk
Sherry and Lisbon Wine per Quarter-Caſk.

The above mentioned Articles by Retail.

Alſo Crockery and Glaſs Ware by Wholeſale and Retail; and many other Articles in the Grocery Line.—Likewiſe a few Thouſand of Shingles and Laths—London Porter.

Newport, Jan 22, 1798.

John Hadwen

Hereby informs his Cuſtomers,

That he has removed from the Houſe of the late Governor WANTON, to the Houſe next North, on the ſame Side of the Street, where he continues his Buſineſs as uſual.

Newport, 1ſt of 1ſt Month, 1798.

Coggeſhall & Burdick,

At their Shop, next Northward of Mr. James Taylor and Co. Apothecary's Shop, in Thames Street,

HAVE for Sale, a complete Aſſortment of Men's BOOTS and SHOES, of various Kinds.

Alſo, all Kinds of Women's Stuff Shoes, and Morocco Slips and Sandals.

Likewiſe, a great Variety of ſmall Shoes and Sandals.

All Kinds of Shoes, made at the above-ſaid Shop, on the ſhorteſt Notice.

They preſent their Thanks to their former Cuſtomers, and hope for a Continuance of their Favours.

To be Sold, by

SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD,

At his STORE on the Point,

JAmaica Spirits, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,
Weſt India and New England RUM, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,
BRANDY and GENEVA, by the Pipe or Barrel,
A few Hogſheads of the firſt Quality Jamaica SUGAR,
MOLASSES, of an excellent Quality, ſuitable for Retailing, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,
HYSON TEA, or BOHEA, by the Dozen or Pound,
FLOUR—BEEF—and RICE—by the Barrel or Tierce.

Two New SLOOPS, complete for Sea; one of about 80 Tons Burthen, and the other about 40 Tons Burthen.

Sundry Dwelling Houſes, ſituated in different Parts of this Town—To Sell, or Let.

Two Townſhips in the Diſtrict of Main, which will be ſold at 50 Cents per Acre.

ALSO,

A ſmall FARM, pleaſantly ſituated, about Two Miles from the Narraganſet Ferry, containing about 50 Acres; there is ſtanding thereon a good Dwelling Houſe, 40 by 30 Feet; a Barn, 30 by 24 Feet; with other neceſſary Buildings; the Whole in good Repair; a good Well of Water, and a ſmall Orchard.—The Whole is well fenced and watered. A young Wood, or Grove of Trees, adjoining ſaid Farm, is to be Sold alſo. The Farm will be ſold for 850 Dollars in Caſh, and one Half Caſh and the other Half in Weſt-India Goods, at ſigning the Deed.

HOLMES WEAVER,

CABINET and CHAIR MAKER,

INFORMS the Citizens of Newport and its Vicinity, That he has taken a Shop in Meeting ſtreet, a little Northward of the Printing Office, where he carries on the above Buſineſs in all its various Branches.

He flatters himſelf that an anxious Solicitude to pleaſe, will inſure him the Patronage of a generous Public, in an Art conducive to Elegance; aſſuring them they ſhall be ſupplied with every Article in his Line as cheap as can be procured (of an equal Quality) in New-York or Philadelphia.

The moſt faſhionable and approved Patterns will be conſtantly procured and neatly executed.

All Kinds of Inlaid and ornamental Work done in the moſt taſteful Manner.

Likewiſe, beautiful Japan Varniſhing done at the moſt reduced Prices, and is the higheſt and moſt tranſparent Poliſh hitherto invented.

N. B. The above Varniſh may be applied to old Furniture, without the Trouble of moving it.

Newport, Jan 22, 1798

THE Old Circulating LIBRARY and BOOK STORE kept by

J. Richardſon,

AT THE POST OFFICE,

Hath lately received ſeveral large Additions of BOOKS, for Circulation and for Sale, on the moſt moderate Terms,—Conſiſting of a great Number of the neweſt, and moſt celebrated Novels and Romances, than any other Library in this Town, with a very good Aſſortment of other Books and Stationary.

Almanacks and Regiſters for 1798, of different Sorts;—but NONE of the *Counterfeit* Bickerſtaff's Almanacks, printed at Albany, for J. J. Todd.

Alſo a good Aſſortment of Muffs, Tippets, For Trimmings, Gloves, Mittens, Caps, &c.

A grand Aſſortment of Houſe Papers, and Borders to ſuit.

New Raiſins by the Caſk, and Retail.

Pot and Starch, Black Pepper, Muſtard, Nutmegs, and Saltpetre.

Handirons, Shovel and Tongs, and Chimney Hooks.

With a compleat Aſſortment of Iron hollow Ware, &c.

Newport, Jan 1, 1798

Linſeed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

James Cahoone & Son,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd and unboil'd, per Caſk or Gallon,
Beſt London White Lead, per Caſk or ſmaller Quantity,

Spaniſh Brown,	Ditto	Ditto,
Whiting,	Ditto	Ditto,

Stone Yellow, Spruce Ditto,
Red Lead, Patent Yellow,
Verdigreaſe, Pruſſian Blue,
Gold Leaf, Silver Ditto.

Litharge, White Vitriol, Painter's Breſhes, Camel's Hair Pencils, Spirits of Turpentine, Varniſh, black Varniſh of a ſuperior Quality for Veſſels, Roſin, Tar, &c. &c.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry, properly prepared.

By ſending the Dimenſions of a Houſe, Room, Veſſel, &c. &c. their diſtant Cuſtomers may be ſupplied with a ſufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, on the ſhorteſt Notice, with Directions given therewith.

Alſo—9 by 7, and 8 by 6, Window Glaſs—and Putty.

State of RHODE ISLAND, &c.
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY. *October Seſſion, A. D.* 1797.

IT is Voted and Reſolved, That Meſſieurs JOHN L. BOSS, ARCHIBALD CRARY, and WALTER CHANNING be, and they are hereby appointed a Committee to examine the State Notes and Securities lodged in the General Treaſury, in Payment of Taxes, and the State Notes and Securities paid off in the late Paper Money, and lodged by Holders in the General Treaſury: That they make out and depoſit in the Treaſury a particular Liſt and Deſcription of ſaid Notes and Securities, with the Circumſtances attending them: That they cauſe Notification to be given in the Newſpapers, for the Space of Six Months, to make Application for the ſame according to Law: That at the End of Six Months from the firſt Notification as aforeſaid, the ſaid Committee ſhall cauſe all ſuch Notes and Securities of the Deſcription aforeſaid as may then remain in the Treaſury to be burnt and deſtroyed.

A true Copy: *Witneſs,*
HENRY WARD, *Sec'ry.*

In Purſuance of the above recited Act, the Subſcribers hereby Notify all Perſons, having any of the Notes and Securities, deſcribed in the aforeſaid Act, to make Application to the General Treaſurer for the ſame according to Law; within Six Months from the Twenty eighth Day of November, A. D. 1797.

JOHN L. BOSS,
A. CRARY,
WAL. CHANNING, } *Committee.*

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A Revolution was on the point of commencing at Lisbon, in September last. A Brabanter, named Serge, employed in the fortress of Corsta, had been denounced to the police; it was determined to take him up, but he put an end to his existence the moment when he was to be seized. In his possession were found the plan of a conspiracy, whose object was, to put to death all the Royal family, and to operate a Revolution in Portugal. Persons of the first importance are implicated in the affair.

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CUSTOM-HOUSE,
District of Newport, January 22.

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Brig Peyton Randolph, Cozzens, Surinam
Sloop Sea Flower Valentine, New York
— Sally, Waldin, Providence
— Fame, Bliss New York
Schooner Betsy Read Savannah

CLEARED, *for*

Ship Hope Robinson, Charleston
Snow Elizabeth Robinson, Savannah
Sloop Chance, Langley, St. Mary's
— Lively, Collins Boston
— Prosperity, Cooley. New London
— Camden Packet, Sinkins, Charleston
— Reliance, Phillips, Genaiwet

State of RHODE-ISLAND, &c.
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *December Session, A. D. 1797.*

RESOLVED, That the Holders of Notes and Securities, issued by this State, as described in an Act, entitled, "An Act for calling in the Notes and Securities issued by the State, for Services and Supplies during the late War with Great-Britain, which have not been liquidated and exchanged, and for giving the Holders of them New Securities," be and they hereby are authorized and permitted, any Time before the First Day of July, *A. D.* 1798, to carry the said Notes and Securities into the General Treasury:—That the General Treasurer be, and he hereby is, empowered and required, to liquidate and adjust such Demands, in the Manner prescribed by said Act;—and that the General Treasurer give Notice thereof, in the several News-Papers in this State.

General-Treasurer's Office.

IN Obedience to the afore-recited Act of the General Assembly, I do hereby Invite, and Request, all Persons, possessing any of the afore-mentioned Notes and Securities, to bring or send them to this Office, (if sent, to be accompanied with an Order for the New Certificate, that will be issued in Lieu of the Old Debt) that they may avail themselves of the Benefit of the Law, and the State ascertain the Amount of the Sum she is indebted.

H. SHERBURNE, *Gen. Treasurer.*

Newport, Jan 20, 1798.

Christopher Fowler & Co.

Have for Sale, at their Store, on Mr. LANGLEY'S *Wharf,*

FRENCH Brandy, 1st and 4th Proof; and best Holland Geneva, per Pipe or Barrel.

15 Puncheons first Quality Old Windward Island Rum, 32 Proof and excellent Flavour,

Jamaica Spirits, and New England Rum, per Hogshead.

Madeira, Sherry, and Malaga Wines, per Quarter Cask.

Gunpowder, Hyson, and Souchong Teas, per Chest or lesser Quantity,

Jamaica Sugars per Hogshead or Barrel,

Havannah Ditto per Box,

Pepper and Pimento, per Bag,

Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace and Cassia, per lb.

Rumney's best & No 2 Chocolate, per Box.

Sweet Oil & Anchovies, per Box or Dozen,

Cotton per Bag; Ginger per bbl. Starch,

Best Heart and Club German Steel, per Fagot or Bar; Sewing Twine,

White Lead and Spanish Brown, per Cask,

House and Hearth Brushes per Dozen.

An Assortment of Glass Ware.

A constant Supply of Superfine and Common Flour per Barrel and Half Barrel—and a Variety of other Articles, which they will sell on the most moderate Terms.

Newport, Jan. 22, 1798.

The Subscribers being appointed by the Town Council, of Tiverton, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims against the Estate of ABRAHAM BARKER, Esq; late of said Tiverton, deceased, represented insolvent; hereby give Notice, that they will attend said Business at the Dwelling-House of Joseph Barker, Esq; in said Town, on the last Saturday in this and the Five following Months, from Two to Six o'Clock, *P. M.*

WILLIAM NORTON.
WILLIAM HUMPHRY.

Tiverton, January 1, 1798.

Those Persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make Payment to

JOSEPH BARKER, } *Administrators.*
JOSEPH DURFEE. }

THE Subscribers being appointed by the Town Council of Portsmouth, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims against the Estate of ROBERT FISH, late of Portsmouth, deceased, represented insolvent; and Six Months longer being allowed by said Council, for that Purpose, we hereby give Notice to all Persons having any Demands against said Estate, to exhibit them, to either of us, within the above Term.

HENRY LAWTON,
BENJAMIN FREEBORN.

And all Persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate Payment to

BATHSHEBA FISH, *Administratrix.*

Portsmouth, 8th of 1st Month, 1798.

Sales at Auction.

On WEDNESDAY the 24th Inst. at GARDNER & DEAN's Office, at 10 o'Clock.

ONE Hundred Pieces Sheeting Cottons—30 Ditto Shirting—30 Bandannoes—10 Bolts Duck—1 Bale dipsea Lines—3 Boxes Hyson Tea—10 Dozen Cotton Stockings—30 Dozen Tapes—50 Pieces Ribbons—3 Pieces Furniture Chintz—10 Pieces 6-4 Muslins—6 Table Cloths—Muslin and Pocket Handkerchiefs—Shawls—Decanters, Wine Glasses, Tumblers, &c—Broadcloths and Cassimeres—and a Variety of other Articles.

Conditions at Time of Sale.

January 23, 1798.

For SALE, by

SIMON DAVIS,

BRANDY and Holland Gin per Pipe, Barrel or smaller Quantity,

Jamaica Spirits, St. Croix, Antigua and New England Rum per Hogshead,

Sugar per Hogshead or Barrel,

Molasses per Hogshead, Tierce or Barrel,

Very good fine and superfine Flour,

Welch's Chocolate, N° 1 and 2, fresh,

A few Half Barrels of good Rice,

Fresh Raisins per Cask

Sherry and Lisbon Wine per Quarter-Cask.

The above mentioned Articles by Retail.

Also Crockery and Glass Ware by Wholesale and Retail; and many other Articles in the Grocery Line.—Likewise a few Thousand of Shingles and Laths—London Porter.

Newport, Jan 22, 1798.

John Hadwen

Hereby informs his Customers,

That he has removed from the House of the late Governor WANTON, to the House next North, on the same Side of the Street, where he continues his Business as usual,

Newport, 1st of 1st Month, 1798.

Coggeshall & Burdick,

At their Shop, next Northward of Mr. James Taylor and Co. Apothecary's Shop, in Thames street,

HAVE for Sale, a complete Assortment of Men's BOOTS and SHOES, of various Kinds.

Also, all Kinds of Women's Stuff Shoes, and Morocco Slips and Sandals.

Likewise, a great Variety of small Shoes and Sandals.

All Kinds of Shoes, made at the above-said Shop, on the shortest Notice.

They present their Thanks to their former Customers, and hope for a Continuance of their Favours.

To be Sold, by

SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD,

At his STORE on the Point,

JAmaica Spirits, by the Hogshead or Barrel,

West India and New England RUM, by the Hogshead or Barrel,

BRANDY and GENEVA, by the Pipe or Barrel,

A few Hogsheads of the first Quality Jamaica SUGAR,

MOLASSES, of an excellent Quality, suitable for Retailing, by the Hogshead or Barrel,

HYSON TEA, or BOHEA, by the Dozen or Pound,

FLOUR—BEEF—and RICE—by the Barrel or Tierce,

Two New SLOOPS, complete for Sea; one of about 80 Tons Burthen, and the other about 40 Tons Burthen.

Sundry Dwelling Houses, situated in different Parts of this Town—To Sell, or Let.

Two Townships in the District of Main, which will be sold at 50 Cents per Acre.

A L S O,

A small FARM, pleasantly situated, about Two Miles from the Narraganset Ferry, containing about 50 Acres; there is standing thereon a good Dwelling House, 40 by 30 Feet; a Barn, 30 by 24 Feet; with other necessary Buildings; the Whole in good Repair; a good Well of Water, and a small Orchard.—The Whole is well fenced and watered. A young Wood, or Grove of Trees, adjoining said Farm, is to be Sold also. The Farm will be sold for 850 Dollars in Cash, and one Half Cash and the other Half in West-India Goods, at signing the Deed.

HOLMES WEAVER,

CABINET and CHAIR MAKER,

INFORMS the Citizens of Newport and its Vicinity, That he has taken a Shop in Meeting street, a little Northward of the Printing Office, where he carries on the above Business in all its various Branches.

He flatters himself that an anxious Solicitude to please, will insure him the Patronage of a generous Public, in an Art conducive to Elegance; assuring them they shall be supplied with every Article in his Line as cheap as can be procured (of an equal Quality) in New-York or Philadelphia.

The most fashionable and approved Patterns will be constantly procured and neatly executed.

All Kinds of Inlaid and ornamental Work done in the most tasteful Manner.

Likewise, beautiful japan Varnishing done at the most reduced Prices, and is the highest and most transparent Polish hitherto invented.

N. B. The above Varnish may be applied to old Furniture, without the Trouble of moving it.

Newport, Jan 22, 1798

THE Old Circulating LIBRARY and BOOK STORE, kept by

J. Richardson,

AT THE POST OFFICE,

Hath lately received several large Additions of BOOKS, for Circulation and for Sale, on the most moderate Terms.—Consisting of a great Number of the newest, and most celebrated Novels and Romances, than any other Library in this Town, with a very good Assortment of other Books and Stationary.

Almanacks and Registers for 1798, of different Sorts;—but NONE of the *Counterfeit* Bickerstaff's Almanacks, printed at Albany, for J. J. Todd.

Also, a good Assortment of Muffs, Tippets, Fur Trimmings, Gloves, Mittens, Caps, &c.

A grand Assortment of House Papers, and Borders to suit.

New Raisins by the Cask, and Retail.

Poland Starch, Black Pepper, Mustard, Nutmegs, and Saltpetre.

Handirons, Shovel and Tongs, and Chimney Hooks,

With a compleat Assortment of Iron hollow Ware, &c.

Newport, Jan 1, 1798

Linseed-Oil & Painter's Colours.

James Cahoone & Son,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd and unboil'd, per Cask or Gallon,

Best London White Lead, per Cask or smaller Quantity,

Spanish Brown, Ditto Ditto,
Whiting, Ditto Ditto,
Stone Yellow, Spruce Ditto,
Red Lead, Patent Yellow,
Verdigrease, Prussian Blue,
Gold Leaf, Silver Ditto.

Litharge, White Vitriol, Painter's Brushes, Camel's Hair Pencils, Spirits of Turpentine, Varnish, black Varnish of a superior Quality for Vessels, Rosin, Tar, &c. &c.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry, properly prepared.

By sending the Dimensions of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant Customers may be supplied with a sufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, on the shortest Notice, with Directions given therewith.

Also—9 by 7, and 8 by 6, Window Glass—and Putty.

State of RHODE ISLAND, &c.
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *October Session, A. D. 1797.*

IT is Voted and Resolved, That Messieurs JOHN L. BOSS, ARCHIBALD CRARY, and WALTER CHANNING be, and they are hereby appointed a Committee to examine the State Notes and Securities lodged in the General Treasury, in Payment of Taxes; and the State Notes and Securities paid out in the late Paper Money, and lodged by Holders in the General Treasury: That they make out and deposit in the Treasury a particular List and Description of said Notes and Securities, with the Circumstances attending them: That they cause Notification to be given in the Newspapers, for the Space of Six Months, to make Application for the same according to Law: That at the End of Six Months from the first Notification as aforesaid, the said Committee shall cause all such Notes and Securities of the Description aforesaid as may then remain in the Treasury to be burnt and destroyed.

A true Copy: Witness,
HENRY WARD, *Sec'ry.*

In Pursuance of the above recited Act, the Subscribers hereby Notify all Persons, possessing any of the Notes and Securities, described in the aforesaid Act, to make Application to the General Treasurer for the same according to Law; within Six Months from the Twenty-eighth Day of November, A. D. 1797.

JOHN L. BOSS,
A. CRARY,
WAL. CHANNING, } *Committee.*

FROM A LONDON PAPER.

The following
EPITAPH FOR SIR WILLIAM JONES,
Was written by himself.

HERE was deposited
The mortal part of a man,
Who feared God, but not death;
And maintained independence,
But sought not riches;
Who thought none below him,
But the base and unjust;
None above him, but the wise and virtuous;
Who loved his parents, kindred,
Friends and country;
And,
Having devoted his life to their service, and the improvement of his mind,
Resigned it calmly—giving glory to his Creator, wishing peace on earth, and good-will to his fellow-creatures—on the day of in the year of our blessed Redeemer.

From the FARMER'S WEEKLY MUSEUM.

COMMON SENSE, *in Dishabille.*
No. XXXII.

THE WORTH OF MAN; OR, MAN OF WORTH.

WHEN one man is worth a thousand pounds and another ten thousand, in common language, we say the latter is worth ten times as much as the former. If this meant no more than simply, that one had ten times as much property as the other, time would be ill spent in cavilling with the expression. But when people estimate the worth of a man by the weight of his purse, the extent of his farm, the number of his servants or size of his house, without examining either the furniture of his head, or qualities of his heart, measure their bows and deal out their civilities and honours accordingly, Common Sense smiles at the delusion and seems solicitous to correct the error.—Is the man a mere cypher all this time? Does he count nothing of himself? Shall he not be rated so high as the purse or shed, that contains the common standard of his worth? May none of the endowments of nature, or acquirements of art, have the honour of being inventoried with the stock of his farm, his merchandize, or household furniture?—Here is a small mistake says the world or its careless computers; we really left out his mental ware, in making our estimate. How shall we correct the error? What is the average worth, of a man, stripped like Job, of his external property?—A hard question truly, and but little thought of. I should suppose it as easy to find an average size for all the animals appendant to the earth. I know of no way to estimate his value, except by what he is worth to the community, or his friends. By this standard, there would be as great a diversity in the worth of men, without property, as with. A Franklin, tho' penny-less, would rise higher than a ———*, possessed of a hundred thousand: the one, a public honour; the other, a private disgrace. Innumerable instances might be penned; but they are under every one's observation.

Wealth is a good thing connected with a liberal mind. Merit has its value, wherever it is found; but is generally prized lowest by those who value money the highest. To do it some degree of justice, let a moderate price be agreed upon and set down against a list of the most obvious public and private virtues, and useful acquirements. This will introduce a new kind of calculation.—Mens estates may be inventoried as usual after their decease; but there will be a considerable difference between what they are worth while living and after they are dead. Let people, while alive be ranked accordingly to the sum total of their real personal and *mental* property, and while pride justly mumbled, took its place in the kitchen, merit would be called to the parlour, and receive its due honour from men of real worth.

* The author translates this perplexing blank, "*Lord, is it I?*"

Fresh Raisins and Currants
JUST ARRIVED.

JAMAICA Spirits, very excellent—Saint Croix Rum 3d Proof, and New-England Rum, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Malaga and Sherry Wine, by the Quarter-Cask.
Brandy, French and Spanish, by the Pipe or Barrel; from 4th Proof to 1st.
Window Glass by the Box.
York Soap (Goodeve & Brown) by the Box.
Rice, in Tierces; as good as any at Market.
Chocolate, Cundell's, Newell's, and Watertown Manufactory.
London Porter by the Cask; Brown Stout ditto.
French Indigo by the Quantity.
Very excellent SWEET OIL, in Cases of 12 Bottles each.
A few Casks of LINSEED OIL.
Cotton Wool and Pepper, with other Articles in the Grocery Line.

The above Articles will be sold on such Terms as cannot fail to give Satisfaction to the Purchaser, on a fair Trial of the Goods at his Store in Thames Street, lately occupied by Mr. Ethan Clarke.

NATH. B. MILLER,

November 21, 1797.

John Handy
Has received from LONDON, a Variety of GOODS, which he offers, at Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest Rates for Cash, or short approved Credit, at his Store on his Wharf.——Among which are,

BRoadcloths, Kerseymeres, Shalloons, Rattinetts, Florentines, Russells, Moreens, Taboreens, Jeans, Irish Linens, Checks, Diaper Tablecloths, Sheeting, Bedticks, Chintzes, Calicoes, Copper-Plate Furniture Ditto, Linen and Muslin Handkerchiefs, Shawls, superfine India, Jaconet & Book Muslins, Muslinets, Marseilles Quilting for Waistcoats, China Stripes Ditto, Janes, Fustians, Drabets, Nankeens, striped and twilled; Satins, Lustrings, Modes, Mens Silk, Silk and Cotton, and plated Fancy Stockings; plain, white and ribbed, Cotton Ditto; Brown Thread, and Silk and Worsted Ditto; Lawns, Cambricks, Ribbons, Hats, Ladies and Children's Morocco Shoes, &c.—Also, a few Casks of Rice.

Newport, Sept. 25. 1797.

Just Opened,
And ready for SALE,
By WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
BY
Thomas Green,
CHEAP AS EVER,
A general Assortment of
English and *India*
GOODS,
Suitable for all Seasons.—
Amongst which are to be found,

LADIES superfine 6-4 and 7-4 Coatings,
A Variety of superfine and common Swan-down for Waistcoats,
Rose Blankets, of all Sizes,
A great Variety of Looking Glasses,
Long Piles or Shag Velvets,
Red, blue, and purple, Furniture Calico,
6-4 India Book-Muslins,
Striped Calamancoes, a Variety,
Superfine black Russells and Raffellettes,
A very large Assortment of
Dimoty's and Muslinets,
A great Variety of Silks, for Gowns,
Cloth coloured Satins,
English and India black Ditto,
Black Crape and Bombazetts,
Cloth and Morocco Shoes and Slips,
Superfine Broadcloths and Cassimers, a great Variety,
Pearl, and polished Steel Buttons, &c. &c.

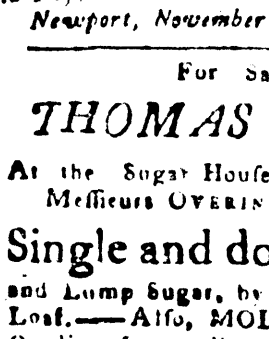
N B Home-made Cloths taken in Pay, as usual.

Newport, November 7. 1797.

For Sale, by
THOMAS HANDY,
At the Sugar House lately improved by Messieurs OVERING & AUCHMUTY,
Single and double-refined,
and Lump Sugar, by the Quantity, or single Loaf.——Also, MOLASSES of a superior Quality, for retailing.

JOHN ADAMS,
Respectfully informs the Public,
THAT he carries on the LEATHER DRESSING Business, in all its Branches, next Southward from the Tan-Yard formerly occupied by Mr. William Tripp, and now by Mr. William Tilley.—Where may be had, Gloves of all Kinds, by the Dozen or single Pair.—Also Glove Leather by Ditto.—Wool for Hatting, Spinning, and Carpeting.——Bear Skins for Holsters, Caps, &c. and all Kind of Skins dressed, with the Fur on, at short Notice.

To be Sold, by
Thomas H. Hazard,
Of South-Kingstown,
The LITTLE NECK FARM,



CONtaining about One Hundred and Fifty Acres, bounded on Two Sides by the Salt Water, with a Dwelling House, Cheese and Corn House thereon—with an excellent Orchard of the best of Fruit, a good Well of Water, and a beautiful Grove of the best of Timber, and the greatest Plenty of the richest Manure adjoining said Farm, and the best Fishing and Fowling in New England. For Pleasantness, Situation & Richness of Soil, with every other Convenience, no Estate in New England can exceed it.—Any Person inclining to purchase, may know the Terms by applying to said HAZARD, adjoining the Premises.

October 6, 1797.

Ethan Clarke
HAS not been able to close his Business as he wished, therefore cannot leave Home as he intended.——He has for Sale, Iron Cabouses of different Kinds and Sizes; Kitchen Stoves finished and unfinished; Open and Close Stoves and Anchors of all Sizes. He also receives Goods for Sale on Commission, and advances Money on the Receipt thereof if wanted. Inquire at his House, next Eastward of Mr. TOWNSEND'S Coffee-House.

He has also for Sale,
MOLASSES, in Hogsheads and Tierces, suitable for retailing.

Newport, Dec 26. 1797.

For SALE, by
SIMEON MARTIN,
MOLASSES, Sugar, Coffee, and New-England Rum, by the Hogshead or Barrel;—Cotton, by the Bag;—and, 2000 Bushels of the best St. Ubes Salt.

To be Sold, by
E. Woodward,
At his New Store on the Long-Wharf,
LISBON Salt—superfine Flour—best of prime Beef—Brandy and Holland Gin—Jamaica Spirits——A Quantity of Shorts, suitable for Horses and Cows, &c. &c.

Newport, Jan. 1, 1798.

Stephen T. Northam
Informs his Friends in particular, and the Public in general,
THAT he has just received, and has for Sale, at his Store, opposite THOMAS GARDNER'S, a large Assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods.
—Also, a Variety of Ladies BONNETS, of the Newest Fashion, direct from London.—A Quantity of Rice and Cotton; and Pitch, Turpentine, and Pickled Fish, by the Barrel.

WE the Subscribers being, by the Worshipful Town-Council of Tiverton, appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims to the Estate of THOMAS POTTER, late of Tiverton, Cordwainer, deceased, represented Insolvent; and six Months from the Date being allowed for that Purpose: We hereby give Notice, that we will attend at the House of *Constant Hart* in Tiverton, on the first Tuesday in March, April and May next, from One o'Clock to Five, P. M.

LEMUEL TABER,
ICHABOD SIMMONS.

Tiverton, Dec. 4, 1798.

We the Subscribers being,
by the Worshipful Town Council of Tiverton, appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims to the Estate of GURDEN ELDRIDGE late of Tiverton, Mariner, deceased, represented Insolvent; and six Months is allowed for that Purpose: We hereby give Notice, that we will attend at the Dwelling-House of *Noah Hart*, in Little Compton, on the second Saturday in January, March and May, from One to Five o'Clock, P. M.

WILLIAM SANFORD,
LEMUEL TA[illegible]

Tiverton, Dec. 23. 1797.

State of RHODE-ISLAND &c.
Newport, Jan. 8, 1798.

THE Creditors of EBENEZER AVERILL, of Newport, Chaise-Maker, are hereby notified to appear, if they shall think fit, at the General Assembly to be holden at Providence, on the last Monday of January, A. D. 1798; then and there to shew Cause (if any they have) why his Petition, praying for the Benefit of an Act passed at June session, A. D. 1756, for the Relief of insolvent Debtors, should not be granted.

Witness,
FRA. D. CHANNING, *Dep. Sec'ry.*

TO THE PUBLIC.

TAKE Notice, That whereas ABIGAIL, the Wife of the Subscriber, hath acted very much against his Will, both in Words and Actions; and also absconded from his Bed and Board:—This therefore is to inform the Public, that he will not pay any Debts whatever of her contracting from this Date forward.

DANIEL REASE.

December 23, 1797.

A Middle aged Woman, that can be well recommended, and is capable of superintending the Business of a respectable Boarding House, by applying to the Printer, may hear of such a Place, where she will receive very liberal Wages.

January 1, 1798.

For Sale, by
Baker & Anthony
At their Store formerly occupied by Mr. STEPHEN PIERCE, at the Head of Banister's Wharf,

BRANDY by the Pipe, Quarter-Cask and Gallon, 1st, 2d, and 4th Proof; West-India Rum, by the Barrel or Gallon; New England Rum by the Barrel or Gallon; Geneva by the Barrel or Gallon; Brown Sugar by the Barrel; White Spanish Flour by Ditto; Loaf Sugar by the Hundred or Loaf.

Flour by the Barrel, fine and superfine; Souchong Tea, by the Dozen or Pound; a general Assortment of Glass Ware; Liverpool Crockery Ware, consisting of best printed, enamelled, pencilled and common Ditto; an elegant Assortment of Morocco Shoes; Coarse and Fine Salt.

Also a Variety of other Articles, in the Grocery Line, which they will dispose of, at a reduced Price for Cash.

N. B. They want to purchase a Thousand Bushels of FLAX-SEED.

Gibbs & Channing
Have for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island——

HYSON, Young Hyson, Souchong, and Bohea TEAS, of the latest Importation, warranted to be of the first Quality, by the Whole, Half, or Quarter Chests.
China, in Dining, Breakfast, and Tea Setts, per box.
Best St. Petersburgh clean Hemp.
Cordage and Cables, of all Dimensions.
Spike Rods and Iron Hoops.
Jamaica Sugar, Windward Island Rum and Molasses per Hogshead.
Best French Brandy and Holland Gin, fourth Proof, per butt.
New England Rum, by the Hogshead, or Cargo, on short Notice.
6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass, by the box or larger Quantity.
Superfine and fine Flour.
Tar, Pitch, Salt, &c.

Newport Dec. 26, 1797.

Robert Lawton,
Respectfully acquaints his Customers, and the Public in general, that he has just received, and has for Sale at his Store, in Thames-street, opposite Mr. GEORGE GIBBS's, a large and complete Assortment of DRY GOODS suitable for the approaching Season, consisting of

SUPERFINE and 2d Broadcloths, and Cassimeres—a great Variety of Fancy Vesting; Coatings; Baizes; Flannels; Elastucks and Plains; Calicoes and Chintzes; Satins; Modes; Lutestrings; Tiffanies, &c. &c.

Also, Ladies' Beaver, Beaver and Common HATS; Gentlemens', Yeoman and Crown Ditto; low priced Mens' and Boys' Ditto; with a Variety of other Articles.

Newport, November 13 1797.

To be Sold, by
WILLIAM WHITE,
In Bread Street,
Charcoal and Sea-Coal, by the Chaldron or Bushel.

Newport. Dec. 26. 1797.

WANTED,
TWO or Three active BOYS, about 14 or 15 Years of Age, to learn the Art of making PAPER, and Grinding CHOCOLATE, to which Twenty Dollars Bounty will be given, and good Encouragement, to every Boy that inclines to learn the above Business.

Christopher C. Olney.

Who has for SALE,
All Kinds of PAPER—and manufactures the best flavoured SNUFF and TOBACCO.
☞ CASH, and any of the above Articles, will be given, for Cotton and Linen RAGS, Old SAIL-CLOTH, and damaged Hemp.

Providence, Oct. 27, 1797.

FROM A LONDON PAPER.

The following
EPITAPH FOR SIR WILLIAM JONES,
Was written by himself.

HERE was deposited
The mortal part of a man,
Who feared God, but not death;
And maintained independence,
But sought not riches;
Who thought none below him,
But the base and unjust;
None above him, but the wise and virtuous;
Who loved his parents, kindred,
Friends and country;
And,
Having devoted his life to their service, and the improvement of his mind,
Resigned it calmly—giving glory to his Creator, wishing peace on earth, and good-will to his fellow-creatures—on the day of in the year of our blessed Redeemer.

From the FARMER'S WEEKLY MUSEUM.

COMMON SENSE, *in Dishabille.*
No. XXXII.

THE WORTH OF MAN; OR, MAN OF WORTH.

WHEN one man is worth a thousand pounds and another ten thousand, in common language, we say the latter is worth ten times as much as the former. If this meant no more than simply, that one had ten times as much property as the other, time would be ill spent in cavilling with the expression. But when people estimate the worth of a man by the weight of his purse, the extent of his farm, the number of his servants or size of his house, without examining either the furniture of his head, or qualities of his heart, measure their bows and deal out their civilities and honours accordingly, Common Sense smiles at the delusion and seems solicitous to correct the error.—Is the man a mere cypher all this time? Does he count nothing of himself? Shall he not be rated so high as the purse or chest, that contains the common standard of his worth? May none of the endowments of nature, or acquirements of art, have the honour of being inventoried with the stock of his farm, his merchandize, or household furniture?—Here is a small mistake says the world, or its careless computers; we really left out his mental ware, in making our estimate. How shall we correct the error? What is the average worth, of a man, stripped like Job, of his external property?—A hard question truly, and but little thought of. I should suppose it as easy to find an average fine for all the animals appendant to the earth. I know of no way to estimate his value, except by what he is worth to the community, or his friends. By this standard, there would be as great a diversity in the worth of men, without property, as with. A Franklin, tho' penyless, would rise higher than a ——*, possessed of a hundred thousand: the one, a public honour; the other, a private disgrace. Innumerable instances might be penned; but they are under every one's observation.

Wealth is a good thing connected with a liberal mind. Merit has its value, wherever it is found; but is generally priced lowest by those who value money the highest. To do it some degree of justice, let a moderate price be agreed upon and set down against a list of the most obvious public and private virtues, and useful acquirements. This will introduce a new kind of calculation.—Mens estates may be inventoried as usual after their decease; but there will be a considerable difference between what they are worth while living and after they are dead. Let people, while alive be ranked accordingly to the sum total of their real personal and *mental* property, and while pride justly humbled, took its place in the kitchen, merit would be called to the parlour, and receive its due honour from men of real worth.

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* The author translates this perplexing blank, "*Lord, is it I?*"

Fresh Raisins and Currants
JUST ARRIVED.

JAMAICA Spirits, very excellent—Saint Croix Rum 3 Proof, and New-England Rum, by the Hogshead or Barrel, Malaga and Sherry Wine, by the Quarter-Cask.

Brandy, French and Spanish, by the Pipe or Barrel; from 4th Proof to 1st.

Window Glass by the Box.

York Soap (Goodeve & Brown) by the Box.

Rice, in Tierces; as good as any at Market.

Chocolate, Cundell's, Newell's, and Watertown Manufactory.

London Porter by the Cask; Brown Stout ditto.

French Indigo by the Quantity.

Very excellent SWEET OIL, in Cases of 12 Bottles each.

A few Casks of LINSEED OIL.

Cotton Wool and Pepper, with other Articles in the Grocery Line.

The above Articles will be sold on such Terms as cannot fail to give Satisfaction to the Purchaser, on a fair Trial of the Goods at his Store in Thames Street, lately occupied by Mr. Ethan Clarke.

NATH. B. MILLER,

November 21, 1797.

John Handy

Has received from LONDON, a Variety of GOODS, which he offers, at Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest Rates for Cash, or short approved Credit, at his Store on his Wharf.——Among which are,

BRoadcloths, Kerseymeres, Shalloons, Rattinetts, Florentines, Russells, Moreens, Taboreens, Jeans, Irish Linens, Checks, Diaper Tablecloths, Sheeting, Bedticks, Chintzes, Calicoes, Copper-Plate Furniture Ditto, Linen and Muslin Handkerchiefs, Shawls, superfine India, Jaconet & Book Muslins, Muslinets, Marseilles Quilting for Waistcoats, China Stripes Ditto, Janes, Fustians, Drabets, Nankeens, striped and twilled; Satins, Lustrings, Modes, Mens Silk, Silk and Cotton, and plated Fancy Stockings; plain, white and ribbed, Cotton Ditto; Brown Thread, and Silk and Worsted Ditto; Lawns, Cambricks, Ribbons, Hats, Ladies and Childrens Morocco Shoes, &c.—Also, a few Casks of Rice.

Newport, Sept. 25, 1797.

Just Opened,
And ready for SALE,
By WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
BY
Thomas Green,
CHEAP AS EVER,
A general Assortment of
English and *India*
GOODS,
Suitable for all Seasons.—
Amongst which are to be found,

LADIES superfine 6-4 and 7-4 Coatings,
A Variety of superfine and common Swandown for Waistcoats,
Rose Blankets, of all Sizes,
A great Variety of Looking Glasses,
Long Piles or Shag Velvets,
Red, blue, and purple, Furniture Calico,
6 4 India Book-Muslins,
Striped Calamancoes, a Variety,
Superfine black Russells and Raffelletts,
A very large Assortment of
Dimoty's and Muslinets,
A great Variety of Silks, for Gowns,
Cloth coloured Satins,
English and India black Ditto,
Black Crape and Bombazetts,
Cloth and Morocco Shoes and Slips,
Superfine Broadcloths and Cassimers, a great Variety,
Pearl, and polished Steel Buttons, &c. &c.

N B Home-made Cloths taken in Pay, as usual.

Newport, November 7, 1797.

For Sale, by
THOMAS HANDY,
At the Sugar-House lately improved by Messieurs OVERING & AUCHMUTY,

Single and double-refined,
and Lump Sugar, by the Quantity, or single Loaf.——Also, MOLASSES of a superior Quality, for retailing.

JOHN ADAMS,
Respectfully informs the Public,

THAT he carries on the LEATHER DRESSING Business, in all its Branches, next Southward from the Tan-Yard formerly occupied by Mr. William Tripp, and now by Mr. William Tilley.—Where may be had, Gloves of all Kinds, by the Dozen or single Pair.—Also Glove Leather by Ditto.—Wool for Hatting, Spinning, and Carpeting.——Bear Skins for Holsters, Caps, &c. and all Kind of Skins dressed, with the Fur on, at short Notice.

To be Sold, by
Thomas H. Hazard,
Of South-Kingstown,
The LITTLE NECK FARM,

CONtaining about One Hundred and Fifty Acres, bounded on Two Sides by the Salt Water, with a Dwelling House, Cheese and Corn House thereon—with an excellent Orchard of the best of Fruit, a good Well of Water, and a beautiful Grove of the best of Timber, and the greatest Plenty of the richest Manure adjoining said Farm, and the best Fishing and Fowling in New England. For Pleasantness, Situation & Richness of Soil, with every other Convenience, no Estate in New England can exceed it.—— Any Person inclining to purchase, may know the Terms by applying to said HAZARD, adjoining the Premises.

October 6, 1797.

Ethan Clarke

HAS not been able to close his Business as he wished, therefore cannot leave Home as he intended.——He has for Sale, Iron Cabouses of different Kinds and Sizes; Kitchen Stoves finished and unfinished; Open and Close Stoves and Anchors of all Sizes. He also receives Goods for Sale on Commission, and advances Money on the Receipt thereof if wanted. Inquire at his House, next Eastward of Mr. TOWNSEND'S Coffee-House.

He has also for Sale,
MOLASSES, in Hogsheads and Tierces, suitable for retailing.

Newport, Dec 26. 1797.

For SALE, by
SIMEON MARTIN,

MOLASSES, Sugar, Coffee, and New-England Rum, by the Hogshead or Barrel;—Cotton, by the Bag;—and, 2000 Bushels of the best St. Ubes Salt.

To be Sold, by
E. Woodward,
At his New Store on the Long-Wharf,

LISBON Salt—superfine Flour—best of prime Beef—Brandy and Holland Gin—Jamaica Spirits——A Quantity of Shorts, suitable for Horses and Cows, &c. &c.

Newport, Jan. 1, 1798.

Stephen T. Northam
Informs his Friends in particular, and the Public in general,

THAT he has just received, and has for Sale, at his Store, opposite THOMAS GREENE'S, a large Assortment of
Fall and Winter Goods.
—Also, a Variety of Ladies BONNETS, of the Newest Fashion, direct from London.—A Quantity of Rice and Cotton; and Pitch, Turpentine, and Pickled Fish, by the Barrel.

WE the Subscribers being, by the Worshipful Town-Council of Tiverton, appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims to the Estate of THOMAS POTTER, late of Tiverton, Cordwainer, deceased, represented Insolvent; and six Months from the Date being allowed for that Purpose; We hereby give Notice, that we will attend at the House of *Constant Hart* in Tiverton, on the first Tuesday in March, April and May next, from One o'Clock to Five, P. M.

SAMUEL TABER,
ICHABOD SIMMONS.

Tiverton, Dec. 4, 1798.

We the Subscribers being,
by the Worshipful Town Council of Tiverton, appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims to the Estate of GURDEN ELDRIDGE late of Tiverton, Mariner, deceased, represented Insolvent; and six Months is allowed for that Purpose: We hereby give Notice, that we will attend at the Dwelling-House of *Noah Hart*, in Little Compton, on the second Saturday in January, March and May, from One to Five o'Clock, P. M.

WILLIAM SANFORD,
SAMUEL TA[illegible]

Tiverton, Dec. 23, 1797.

State of RHODE-ISLAND &c.
Newport, Jan. 8, 1798.

THE Creditors of EBENEZER AVERILL, of Newport, Chaise-Maker, are hereby notified to appear, if they shall think fit, at the General Assembly to be holden at Providence, on the last Monday of January, A. D. 1798; then and there to shew Cause (if any they have) why his Petition, praying for the Benefit of an Act passed at June session, A. D. 1756, for the Relief of insolvent Debtors, should not be granted. *Witness,*

FRA. D. CHANNING, *Dep. Sec'ry.*

TO THE PUBLIC.

TAKE Notice, That whereas ABIGAIL, the Wife of the Subscriber, hath acted very much against his Will, both in Words and Actions; and also absconded from his Bed and Board:—This therefore is to inform the Public, that he will not pay any Debts whatever of her contracting from this Date forward. DANIEL PEASE.

December 13, 1797.

A Middle aged Woman, that can be well recommended, and is capable of superintending the Business of a respectable Boarding House, by applying to the Printer, may hear of such a Place, where she will receive very liberal Wages.

January 1, 1798.

For Sale, by
Baker & Anthony
At their Store formerly occupied by Mr. STEPHEN PIERCE, at the Head of Bannister's Wharf,

BRANDY by the Pipe, Quarter-Cask and Gallon, 1st, 2d and 4th Proof; West-India Rum, by the Barrel or Gallon; New England Rum by the Barrel or Gallon; Geneva by the Barrel or Gallon; Brown Sugar by the Barrel; White Spanish Pots by Ditto; Loaf Sugar by the Hundred or Loaf.

Flour by the Barrel, fine and superfine; Souchong Tea, by the Dozen or Pound; a general Assortment of Glass Ware; Liverpool Crockery Ware, consisting of best printed, enamel'd, pencil'd and common Ditto; an elegant Assortment of Morocco Shoes; Coarse and Fine Salt.

Also a Variety of other Articles, in the Grocery Line, which they will dispose of, at a reduced Price for Cash.

N. B. They want to purchase a Thousand Bushels of FLAXSEED.

Gibbs & Channing

Have for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island——

HYSON, Young Hyson, Souchong, and Bohea TEAS, of the latest Importation, warranted to be of the first Quality, by the Whole, Half, or Quarter Chests.
China, in Dining, Breakfast, and Tea Setts, per box.
Best St. Petersburgh clean Hemp.
Cordage and Cables, of all Dimensions.
Spike Rods and Iron Hoops.
Jamaica Sugar, Windward Island Rum and Molasses per Hogshead.
Best French Brandy and Holland Gin, fourth Proof, per butt.
New England Rum, by the Hogshead, or Cargo, on short Notice.
6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass, by the box or larger Quantity.
Superfine and fine Flour.
Tar, Pitch, Salt, &c.

Newport Dec. 26, 1797.

Robert Lawton,

Respectfully acquaints his Customers, and the Public in general, that he has just received, and has for Sale at his Store, in Thames-street, opposite Mr. GEORGE GIBBS's, a large and complete Assortment of DRY GOODS suitable for the approaching Season, consisting of

SUPERFINE and 2d Broadcloths, and Cassimeres—a great Variety of Fancy Vesting; Corrings; Baizes; Flannels; Elasticks and Plains; Calicoes and Chintzes; Sattins; Modes; Lutestrings; Tiffanies, &c. &c.

Also, Ladies' Sattin, Beaver and Common HATS; Gentlemens', Yeoman and Crown Ditto; low priz'd Mens' and Boys' Dittos; with a Variety of other Articles.

Newport, November 13 1797.

To be Sold, by
WILLIAM WHITE,
In Broad Street,
Charcoal and Sea-Coal, by the Chaldron or Bushel.

Newport, Dec. 26. 1797.

WANTED,

TWO or Three active BOYS, about 14 or 15 Years of Age, to learn the Art of making PAPER, and Grinding CHOCOLATE, to which Twenty Dollars Bounty will be given, and good Encouragement, to every Boy that inclines to learn the above Business.

Christopher C. Olney.

Who has for SALE,

All Kinds of PAPER—and manufactures the best flavoured SNUFF and TOBACCO.

☞ CASH, and any of the above Articles, will be given, for Cotton and Linen RAGS, Old SAIL-CLOTH, and damaged Hemp.

Providence, Oct. 17, 1797.